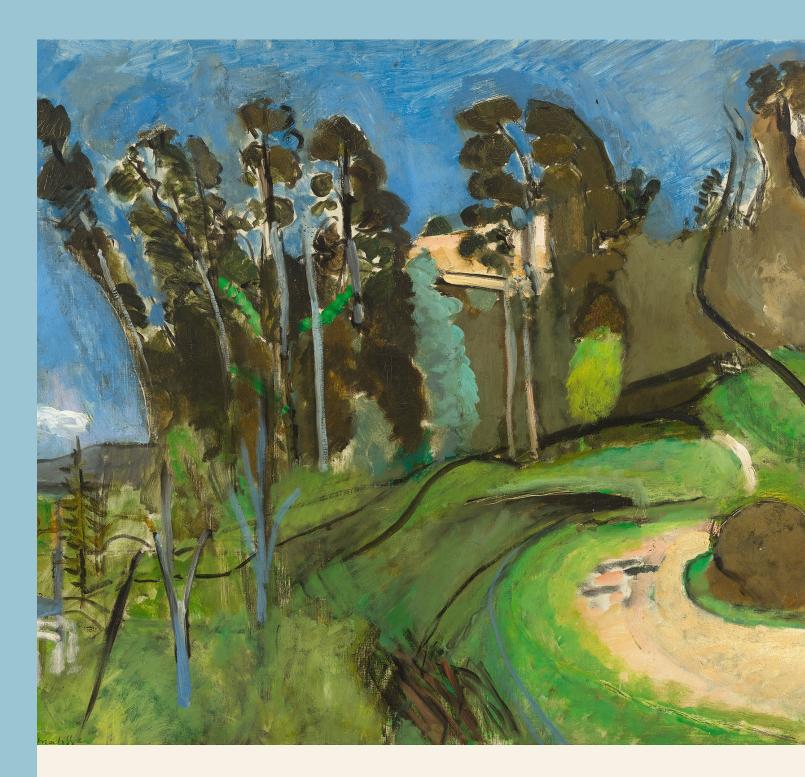
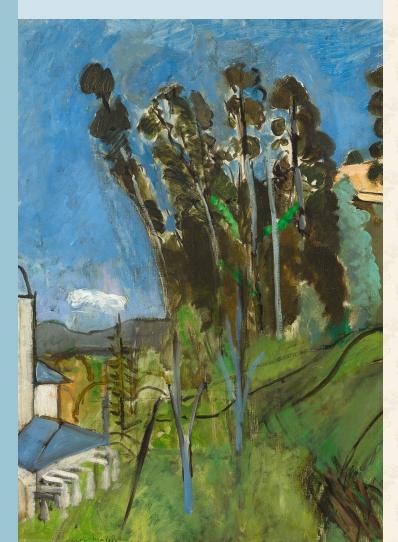
Henri Matisse 1869-1954 | French



Grand paysage, Mont Alban



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Oil on canvas | Painted 1918 Signed "Henri - Matisse" (lower left) Canvas: 29" high x 36 1/4" wide | 73.66 cm x 92.08 cm Frame: 38 3/4" high x 46" wide x 2 1/4" deep 98.42 cm x 116.84 cm x 5.71 cm

4

An artist must possess Nature. He must identify himself with her rhythm, by efforts that will prepare the mastery which will later enable him to express himself in his own language.

- Henri Matisse





OVERVIEW

ailing from a pivotal moment in the artist's artistic development, *Grand paysage, Mont Alban* showcases Henri Matisse's simplified forms, bold colors and expressive brushstrokes that revolutionized the art world. Monumental in size and significance, the idyllic landscape hails from Matisse's retreat to Nice and represents a transformative achievement in the artist's oeuvre.

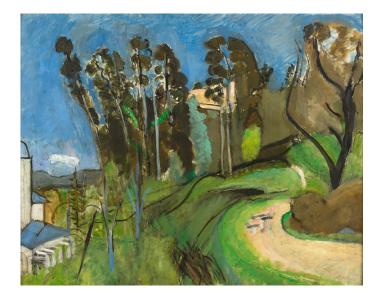
Among the paintings that exemplify Matisse's dynamic interplay between light and ever-moving nature, Grand paysage, Mont Alban stands among the finest of the artist's rare landscapes. In the spring of 1918, when this painting was conceived, Matisse began a focused study of Renaissance art and light. It makes perfect sense that the great artist would have made his way to Mont Alban, a medieval fortress and hillside lookout with panoramic views of the seaside town, where he could quietly observe the sunsoaked and luminous French Riviera. Also, during the spring of 1918, Matisse liked to stay with his friend Auguste Renoir in his peaceful house in Cagnes-sur-Mer, Nice. Upon seeing Matisse's works from this important period, Renoir famously stated, "How you have managed to express the atmosphere... everything is accurate. It was difficult... it makes me mad."

What the great master Renoir noticed in Matisse's work is the artist's virtuosic ability to blur the line between representation and abstraction. In *Grand paysage, Mont Alban*, Matisse plunges the viewer into the luminous hues of the French countryside, with flattened planes rendered with thick, painterly strokes. A sandcolored path winds up the hill, disappearing into a dense forest, and a retreat down rolling green hills leads to white-washed, blue-roofed buildings below. Above, the bright blue sky radiates a combination of coolness and warmth, suffusing the landscape with a luminosity that invites the viewer to savor a moment of profound solitude.

Matisse was renowned throughout his career for his versatility as an artist, and his vast oeuvre encompasses painting, drawing, sculpture, graphic arts, paper cutouts and book illustration. Perhaps one of art history's greatest draftsmen, he is today considered among the most influential artists of his era alongside Pablo Picasso, who was both a close confidante and friendly rival. In 1917, as World War I ravaged Europe and avant-garde Cubism dominated the Parisian art scene, Matisse made a deliberate decision to retreat from the city and seek solitude in Nice, where he immersed himself in the brilliant range of tonalities offered by simple rooms flooded with natural light.

Through this purposeful isolation, Matisse's creativity flourished, leading to artworks like *Grand paysage*, *Mont Alban* where Matisse first accessed his virtuosic ability to render light, a talent that would come to define his oeuvre. His ability to see beauty in simplicity set him apart from his contemporaries and paved the way for the Abstract Expressionists, Minimalists and Pop artists who followed him. Still relevant today, his body of work continues to form the basis of retrospectives and exhibitions at important museums worldwide, including the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York, Tate Modern in London, and the Museum of Fine Arts in Boston.

Widely exhibited, *Grand paysage, Mont Alban* was displayed at the Museum of Modern Art's highly important 1952 and 1992 retrospectives, as well as the National Gallery of Art's 1986 exhibition, *Henri Matisse: The Early Years in Nice, 1916-1930.*





PROVENANCE

Galerie Bernheim-Jeune, Paris, acquired directly from the artist on 9 September 1918 Galerie Paul Vallotton, Lausanne, acquired from the above on 31 December 1918 Mary Callery, New York, by 1940 Pierre Matisse, New York Private Collection M.S. Rau, New Orleans

LITERATURE

P. Courthion, Henri-Matisse, Paris, 1934, pl. XXX (illustrated)

R. Fry, Henri-Matisse, London, 1935, pl. 32 (illustrated)

Mushakojo, Henri Matisse, 1890-1939, Tokyo, 1939, p. 47 (illustrated fig. 85)

A.H. Barr Jr., Matisse, His Art and His Public, New York, 1951, pp. 183 and 205 (illustrated p. 420)

- C. Greenberg, Henri Matisse, New York, 1953, pl. 24 (illustrated in color)
- G. Diehl, Henri Matisse, Paris, 1954, p. 74
- L.-E. Åstrom, *Henri Matisse*, Stockholm, 1955, pl. 24 (illustrated in color)

R. Huyghe, Henri Matisse, Paris, 1955, pl. 24 (illustrated in color) - same as Greenberg, in French

P. Lübecker, Henri Matisse, Copenhagen, 1955, pl. 24 (illustrated in color)

M.W. Alpatov, Matisse, Moscow, 1969, pl. 22 (illustrated in color)

M. Luzi and M. Carrà, *L'opera di Matisse, dalla rivolta fauve all'intimismo, 1904-1928*, Milan, 1971, no. 271 (illustrated in color pl. XLVII)

P. Schneider, M. Carrà and X. Derying, *Tout l'oeuvre peint de Matisse 1904-1928*, Paris, 1982, no. 271 (illustrated in color)

Jack Cowart and Dominique Fourcade, *Henri Matisse: The Early Years in Nice 1916-1930*, Washington, DC, National Gallery of Art, 1986, no.65, pp. 115

G.P. & M. Dauberville, *Matisse*, Paris, 1995, p. 670, no. 238 (illustrated p. 671)



EXHIBITED

Paris, Galerie Bernheim-Jeune, Oeuvres récentes de Henri-Matisse, May 1919, no. 19

New York, Pierre Matisse Gallery, *Henri Matisse, Retrospective Exhibition of Paintings 1898-1939*, February 1943, no. 10

New York, Mortimer Brandt, Color and Space in Modern Art Since 1900, February – March 1944, no. 3

New York, The Museum of Modern Art, *Henri Matisse*, November 1951 – January 1952, no. 49; this exhibition later travelled to Cleveland, Museum of Art, February – March 1952; Chicago, The Art Institute, April – May 1952; and San Francisco, Museum of Art, May – July 1952

London, The Hayward Gallery, Matisse, July – September 1968, no. 77, p. 164 (illustrated p. 106)

Philadelphia, Museum of Art, Summer Exhibition, 1969

Paris, Grand Palais, *Henri Matisse, exposition du centenaire*, April – September 1970, no. 157, p. 87 (illustrated p. 222)

New York, The Museum of Modern Art, *Modern Masters: Manet to Matisse*, August – September 1975, p. 94-95, no. 68 on p. 266 (illustrated p. 95)

Washington D.C., National Gallery of Art, *Henri Matisse: The Early Years in Nice, 1916-1930*, November 1986 – March 1987, no. 41, p. 288 (illustrated in color p. 115, pl. 65 and illustrated again p. 288)

New York, The Museum of Modern Art, *Henri Matisse: A Retrospective*, no. 225, September 1992 – January 1993 (illustrated in color p. 305)

Zurich, Kunsthaus, *Beckmann and Paris – Matisse, Picasso, Braque, Léger, Rouault*, September 1998 – January 1999, no. 81, p. 233 (illustrated in color p. 86); this exhibition later travelled to, Saint Louis, Art Museum February – May 1999



"MAITRES DE L'ART MODERNE "

HENRI-MATISSE

par

PIERRE COURTHION

avec soixante planches hors-texte en phototypie

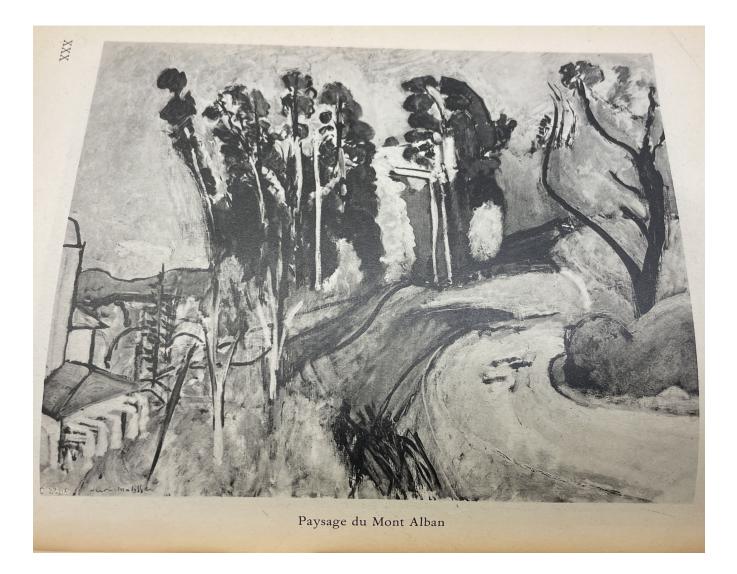


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P. Courthion, Henri-Matisse, Paris, 1934, pl. XXX (illustrated)





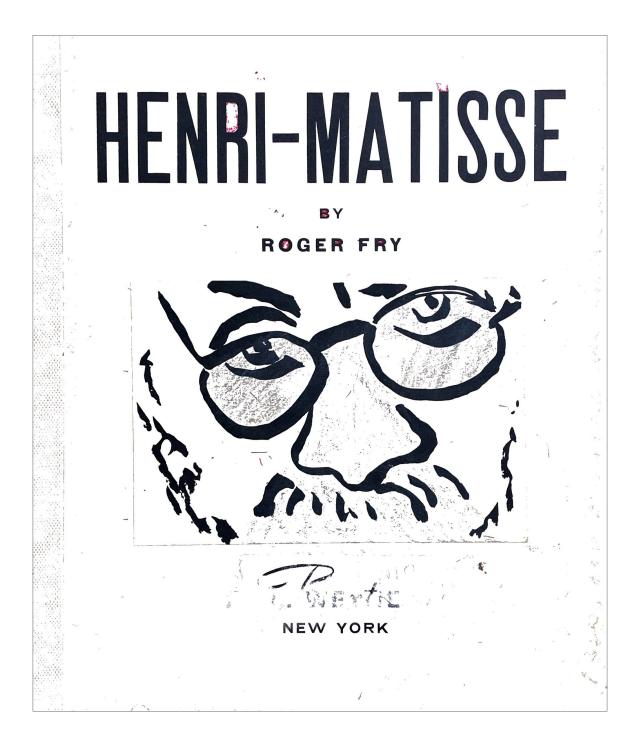
P. Courthion, *Henri-Matisse*, Paris, 1934, pl. XXX (illustrated)



HENRI-MATISSE
56
PI XVIII Les Capucines et la danse, 1912. (Photo
1011 (Décoration).
Pl. $XIX.$ — Le luxe, 1911 (Décoration). Pl. $XX.$ — Nature morte, buste de plâtre et fleurs, 1912. Pl. $XX.$ — Nature morte, buste de plâtre et fleurs, 1912.
Pl. XXI. — Paysage à Tanger, 1912.
Pl. XXII. — Fatmah la mulatiesse, forst con. soseph Muller Soleure (Suisse).
Pl. XXIII. — Nature morte, livre et compotier; 1912. (Pholo Bernheim-Jeune.)
Pl. XXIV. — La branche de lierre dans un vase catalan (dessin), 1915. Coll. Georges Duthuit. (Photo Berheim-Jeune.)
Pl. XXV. — Paysage de Trivaux, 1916. (Photo Bernheim- Jeune.)
Pl. XXVI. — Arbre près de l'étang de Trivaux, 1916.
Pl. XXVII. — Femme en vert au fauteuil rose, 1917. Coll.
Hahnloser (Winterthur). (Photo Bernheim-
Jeune.)
Pl. XXVIII. — Nu dans un intérieur, 1917. (Photo Bernheim-
Jeune.)
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Pl. XXXI Jardin à Nice, 1918 (Photo Bernheim Laure)
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Pl. XXXIV Femme au livre, 1920. Coll. Pierre-Matisse.
Pl. XXXV. — Les jeunes filles au paramet.)
1921. (Photo Bernheim-Jeune.) Pl. XXXVI. — Figure à l'éventail, 1921. Coll. Paul Rosen- berg, Paris. (Photo Bernheim-Jeune.)

P. Courthion, *Henri-Matisse*, Paris, 1934, pl. XXX (illustrated)





R. Fry, Henri-Matisse, London, 1935, pl. 32 (illustrated)





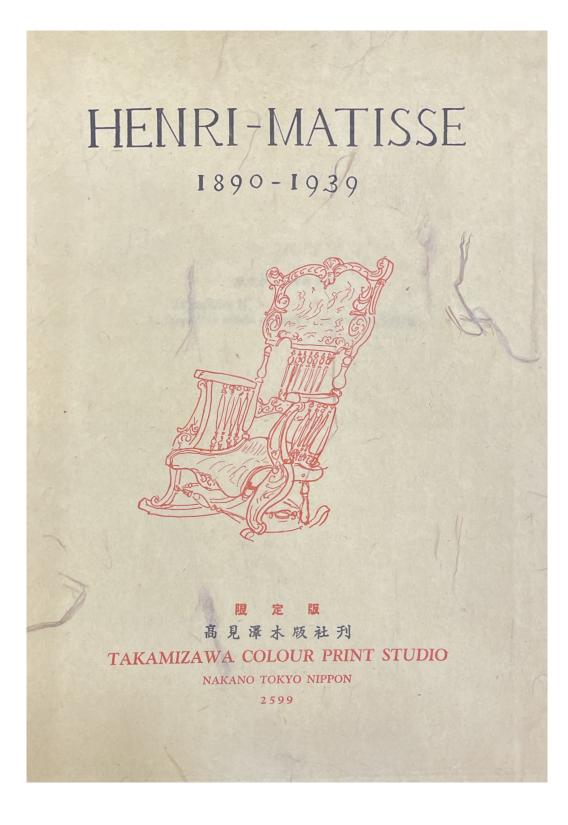
R. Fry, *Henri-Matisse*, London, 1935, pl. 32 (illustrated)



		••	••	••	1909
16.	SPANISH GIRL. Museum of Western Art, Moscow		••	•••	1909
17.	" LA DESSERTE". Maseum of Western Art, Moscow		••		1909
	PEWTER JAR AND TERRA-COTTA RELIEF. Museum of Western Art, Moscow.		••		1910
19.	PORTRAIT OF MADAME MATISSE. Museum of Western Art, Moscow			•••	1910
20.	THE BAND. Museum of Western Art, Moscow		•••	••	1911
21.	INTERIOR OF STUDIO (THE SPANISH CARPET). Museum of Western Art, Mosco	100	••		1912
22.	THE MOROCCAN AMIDO. Museum of Western Art, Moscow		••		1913
23.	RIFF TRIBESMAN. Museum of Western Art, Moscow		••		1913
24.	ZORA ON THE TERRACE. Museum of Western Art, Moscow				1913
25.	Algerian Woman	••			1909
26.	Moroccans			с.	1914
27.	PORTRAIT OF A YOUNG GIRL. Walter Arensberg Collec., Hollywood, U.S.A.				1914
28.	A group of trees				1916
29.	A TREE NEAR TRIVAUT (Tate Gallery, London)		••		1916
30.	FIGURE UNDER THE TRELLIS (BLACK BACKGROUND)				1916
31.	The blue villa. Nice		••		1917
32.	Landscape. Nice		••		1917
33.	Interpretation of a painting by David de Heim				1917
34.	Interior. Nice	••	••	••	1918
35.	The garden. Michel Stein Collection		••		1918
36.	THE FEATHER HAT. Steven C. Clarck Collection, New-York				1919
37.	NUDE RECLINING IN A PINK ARMCHAIR. Collection of Mrs. Victor Rothschild,	Lond	on		1919
38.	The music lesson		••	••	1921
39.	THE PINK BLOUSE. Mrs M. Hoteschild Collection, New-York				1921
40.	INTERIOR. NICE. Mme Paul Guillaume Collection, Paris			•••	1921
41.	Window overlooking the beach at Etretat			••	1922
42.	FIGURE WITH VENETIAN COSTUME. Rochester Art Museum		••		1922
43.	Odalisk with red trousers		•••		1922
44.	SAFFRON ROSES		•••		1924
45.	Nude in an armchair \dots				1924

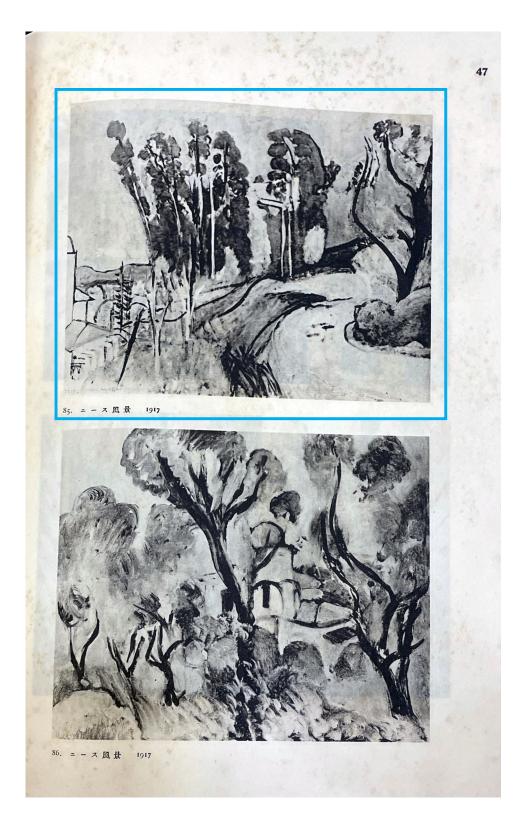
R. Fry, *Henri-Matisse*, London, 1935, pl. 32 (illustrated)





Mushakojo, Henri Matisse, 1890-1939, Tokyo, 1939, p. 47 (illustrated fig. 85)





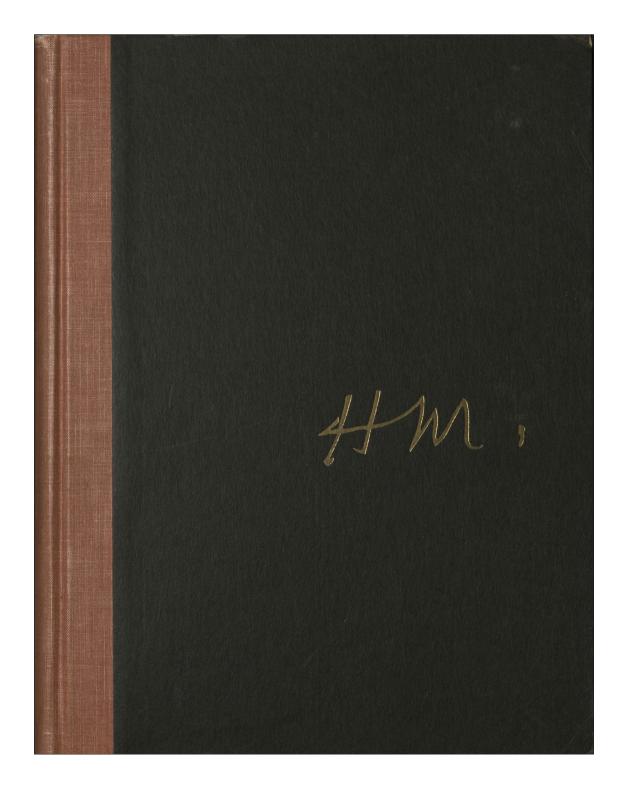
Mushakojo, *Henri Matisse, 1890-1939*, Tokyo, 1939, p. 47 (illustrated fig. 85)



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Mushakojo, *Henri Matisse, 1890-1939*, Tokyo, 1939, p. 47 (illustrated fig. 85)







MATISSE

HIS ART AND HIS PUBLIC

BY ALFRED H. BARR, JR.

1

THE MUSEUM OF MODERN ART NEW YORK

DISTRIBUTED BY SIMON AND SCHUSTER NEW YORK



10 Nice, Paris: 1916-1917

At the end of 1916 Matisse could stand Paris no longer and went south to the Riviera. An account of his life during the early years at Nice is given in the next biographical chapter, page 195. It should be noted here however that Nice became his home only gradually. From his first season there until 1921 he lived mostly in hotels, ready at any moment to leave. And at first he usually stayed in Nice only during the season from December to May or June. Until 1921 he continued to produce some of his most important paintings in the North, and this was overwhelmingly the case in 1917. It is true that the winter spent in Nice doubtless accelerated the relaxation of Matisse's style. Nevertheless, his first important painting done in the South, the superb Interior with a Violin, page 421, differs little in strength or quality from his best work produced in the North.

Matisse returned to Issy after his first season at Nice, in the late spring of 1917. There he painted the big *Music Lesson*, page 419, a realistic variant of the *Piano Lesson*, page 175. He took up again two major works which he had worked on in 1916, the huge *Bathers by a River*, page 408, and, at the Quai St. Michel, the triptych of the Three Sisters.

Matisse had recently bought a car and was now able to make trips around the nearby country with Pierre who acted as chauffeur. The amusing *Wind-shield*, page 418, was painted or at least studied while the car was parked on the road to Versailles. However the few important landscapes of the period were done from motifs around Trivaux in the Bois de Meudon, page 407, unless *A Path in the Woods of Clamart*, page 381, should also have been done at this period (see page 157).

Matisse's contract with Bernheim-Jeune had expired in September 1915. Now, in October 1917, a letter from Matisse to his dealers, Appendix C, revived their agreement for a third three-year term. His prices, which had been kept unchanged in the second contract, 1912-1915, were now more than doubled so that a canvas of figure 30, about the size of the *Montalban*, page 420, which had formerly been priced at 1500 francs, was now raised to 3500 francs. The new contract also permitted Matisse to keep half his output, the selection to be made by drawing lots. Both parties agreed not to sell to other dealers at less than a thirty percent mark-up.

In December 1917, Matisse returned to Nice for his second winter.

SECTION II PAINTINGS AND PRINTS, MID-1913 THROUGH 1915

The Mme Matisse, 1913, and the Woman on a High Stool

In his letter to Matisse of October 10, 1913, page 147, Sergei Shchukin had expressed the hope that "the portrait of Mme Matisse would be an important picture." His wish was fulfilled. The Mme Matisse, page 392, turned out to be Matisse's most distinguished canvas painted in France during 1913. Mme Matisse is seen sitting on a chair in the garden at Issy. The face is drawn like an oval mask and the tailored suit seems dryly handled, yet the contours bounding and creating the figure are beautifully balanced. There is, moreover, an alertness and elegance about this portrait quite different in style and spirit from the rather stiff, dour Manila Shawl, page 355, for which Amélie Matisse had posed early in 1911. But the apparent assurance of the Mme Matisse is misleading. In 1914, a year after it was done, Walter Pach expressed his admiration for it, remarking that it looked as if the painter must have

brought it off rather easily. Matisse replied, almost resentfully, that on the contrary it had required over one hundred sittings!⁶

Pach knew the *Mme Matisse* only through hearsay and photographs, for Shchukin had already taken it away with him to Moscow. It had had a great success at the Salon d'Automne of 1913 where it had been Matisse's only exhibit. Guillaume Apollinaire⁷ was enthusiastic about it and praised it not only as "the best thing in the Salon" but "in my opinion, with the *Woman with the Hat* of the Stein collection, the artist's masterpiece. . ." He hoped the picture, so charged with "volupté et charme," might perhaps inaugurate a new period in contemporary art "from which voluptuousness has almost entirely disappeared since one cannot find it any more except in the magnificent and carnal paintings of the aged Renoir."

Apollinaire was to be disappointed: perhaps he should have expressed his wish a few months before at the show of the Moroccan pictures or in 1911.

183



smaller than the Interior with a Violin; but the style differs even more than the size. The color is brushed on rapidly and thinly over the white ground, giving the effect of a spontaneous sketch. Ornamental patterns of floor, antimacassar, wallpaper, curtain and ceiling are all brought into playful though still unobtrusive counterpoint-they had virtually been suppressed in the Interior with a Violin. Even the row of coat hooks are touched in as if they were Rococo ormolu. The light plays throughout the room, but it is not rendered in an impressionist technique by breaking the surfaces up into little spots of color, but by keeping the large areas of local color transparently thin, light and luminous. We have already noted the reaction of the aged impressionist Renoir, probably to this very picture when he saw it shortly after it was painted. The subject was impressionist and so, indeed, was the spirit of the picture, but the local color upset him and the unbroken black of the window valance threw him into a fit of mock anger, followed by wonder because it held its plane so well.

The Open Window represents not a new departure but simply a further development of the softening and relaxation approaching diffuseness which may be noted, say, in the Music Lesson of mid-1917, page 419, when compared with its predecessor the Piano Lesson of 1916, color plate page 175. The reaction against austerity was in fact already under way in 1916 before Matisse's first trip to Nice.

Yet strong traces of the austere style survived in the early Nice period not only in the great *Interior* with a Violin but in a few small figure studies such as the Nude by a Window in which the angular play of rectangles in perspective and diagonal cast shadows seems almost to absorb the curves of the model in an effect superficially cubist. Matisse's own Self Portrait, page 422, painted at the beginning of 1918, is one of the last pictures of the period which look back to the architectonic style of 1912-1916.

Among several small sculptures modeled at the Ecole des Arts Décoratifs in Nice or in his hotel room, the *Figure with a Cushion*,⁴ page 424, is the most distinguished. Relaxed and graceful, it differs significantly from the dynamic *Reclining Woman* of 1007.

Though Matisse's most important canvases of these early Nice years were painted in his rooms, he also made dozens of small landscape sketches and several rather impressionist pictures of the parks and gardens of Nice with women carrying parasols or seated on the grass. One of his few large landscapes of the period is the handsome and vigorously composed *Montalban*, page 420, of early 1918.

Matisse's paintings of the summer of 1918 include a number of landscape studies such as the Aqueduct at Maintenon in the Baltimore Museum and some sketches of the shipping at Cherbourg where he went to visit Pierre in September.

3 Nice, 1918-1919: Hôtel de la Méditerranée

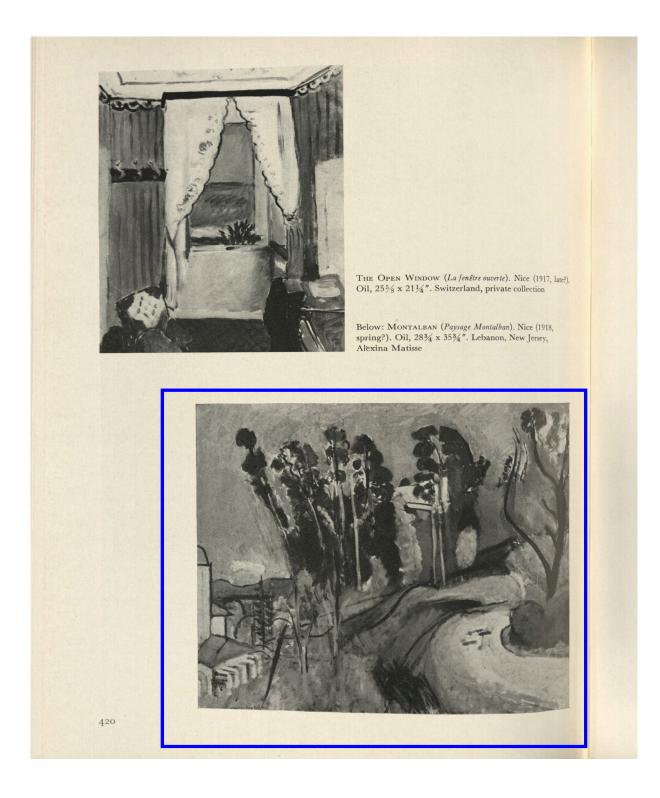
Back in Nice by November,⁵ with the war just about over, Matisse began to paint with renewed energy. Indeed the year which followed was one of his most productive in quantity and freshness of invention, even though only a few of the paintings are imposing in size or new in form.

The rooms in the Hôtel de la Méditerranée to which he now moved were larger and more luxurious than the Beau-Rivage which he had left early in the year. Interior with a Violin Case, page 423, not only shows the difference between the two rooms but records the increased opulence of Matisse's style, its growing emphasis on rococo ornament and patterned surfaces, relieved in this picture by the violin case, the shining blacks of mirror and letter folder, and the sun-drenched blue of the sea. This painting of late 1918, with its almost feminine charm, may be compared with its more modest antecedent the Open Window of a year before, page 420, and the large, comparatively simplified and virile version of a very similar subject, the Copenhagen Interior with a Violin of early 1918, page 421. The oval black mirror reappears in a number of paintings of the period, most strikingly in the Anemones,⁶ formerly in the Phillips Gallery.

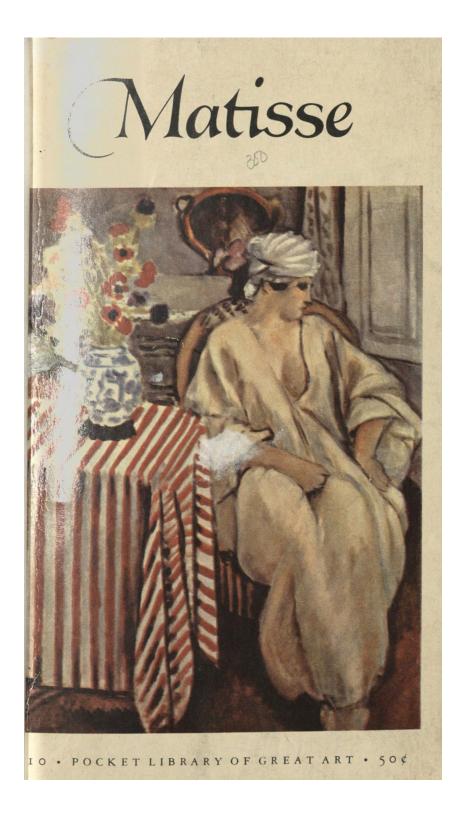
Because of its size the French Window at Nice, page 425, provides a fairer competition for the great Interior with a Violin of two years before. In the earlier picture the pervading tone is black, in the later the whole interior behind the translucent blue blinds is saturated by light blue and violet atmosphere brought to a focus by the white blouse and brilliant scarlet pantaloons of the model. The small bright figure and sunny open shutter set against the expanse of very tall and narrow window create a magical effect of height and delicious blue coolness.

Beside this serene painting, *The Artist and His Model*, page 424, in the Bakwin collection seems minor and casual—and even more so if compared with the stately *Painter and His Model*, page 413, painted at the Quai St. Michel in 1916. Yet, though simplicity and formal grandeur are gone from this



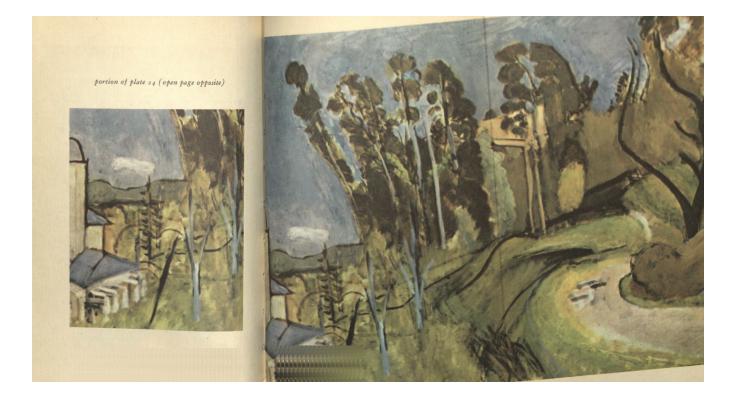






C. Greenberg, *Henri Matisse*, New York, 1953, pl. 24 (illustrated in color)





C. Greenberg, *Henri Matisse*, New York, 1953, pl. 24 (illustrated in color)



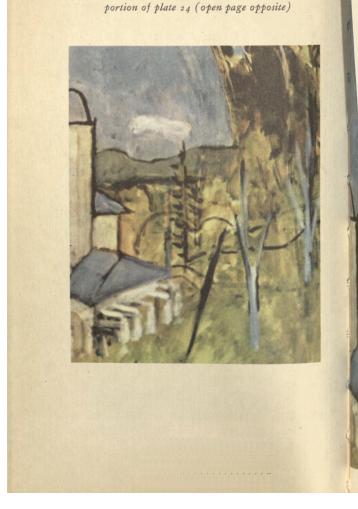


PLATE 24

Painted in 1918

MONTALBAN

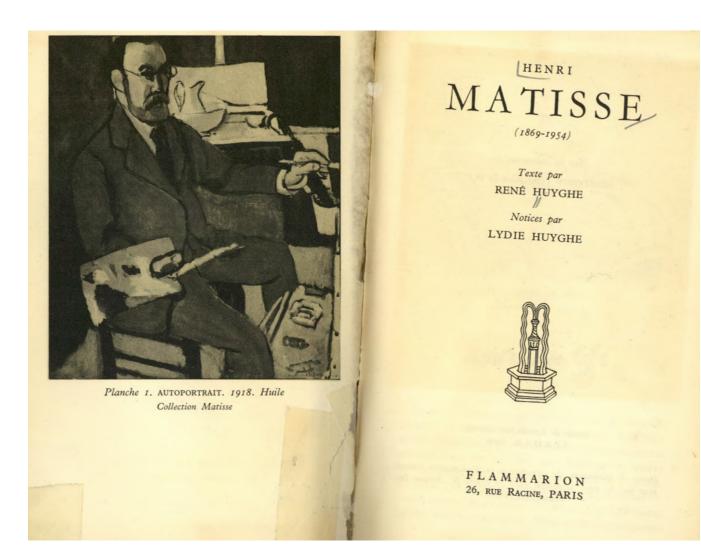
Collection Mrs. Alexina Matisse, Lebanon, N. J. 2834 x 3534"

That Matisse himself feels no predilection for landscape does not make him any the less great as a landscape-painter—the greatest, perhaps, of the century. Artists are just as unconscious of their own true strengths and weaknesses as the rest of us.

He never painted better landscapes than in 1918. The perfection of this one is not achieved at the expense of power. Witness the charged restraint with which he plays the light, arbitrary-seeming blue of the tree trunks and roofs against the dun grays and browns further back. The curve of the road is sharpened, Cézanne-wise, to flatten it into a horizontal plane parallel to the picture surface; a higher arc would have pushed space back too far on the right. For here Matisse is using the old master's trick of massing a landscape forward on one side while opening it into distance on the other (Corot's View near Volterra in the National Gallery, Washington, would be an example). What is amazing is how he makes darks and lights act simultaneously as local colors and as means of shading. Hardly anything in painting since Cézanne rivals this picture as a synthesis of tradition and modernity.

C. Greenberg, Henri Matisse, New York, 1953, pl. 24 (illustrated in color)





R. Huyghe, Henri Matisse, Paris, 1955, pl. 24 (illustrated in color) - same as Greenberg, in French



PLANCHE 24

MONT-ALBAN

Peint en 1918

Collection de Mme Alexina Matisse, Lebanon (U. S. A.)

71 × 89 cm

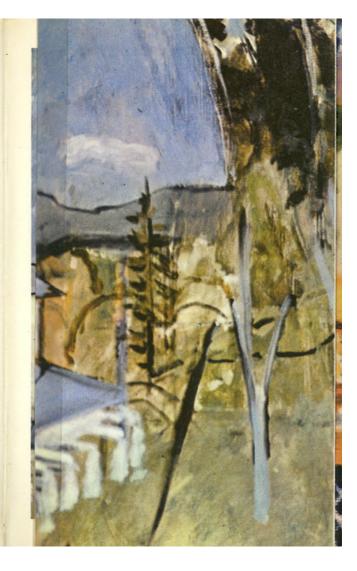
En 1917, Matisse s'installe dans le Midi. Après avoir résidé à Nice, il loue une villa au Mont-Alban. Dès lors, peut-être pour trouver au sein de la nature un apaisement aux inquiétudes de la guerre et pour profiter de cette belle lumière provençale, il fait du paysage. Il abandonne momentanément sa rigoureuse maîtrise des lignes et des couleurs pour retrouver l'humilité, la fraîcheur de l'émotion devant un arbre, une praire, un ciel.

Mais, comme il ne peut jamais dissocier sa sensibilité de cette intelligence lucide et cultivée qui le caractérise, il se pose alors le problème de l'espace et de la perspective.

Plus tard il dira : « Ce que je veux toujours donner, c'est la sensation d'espace aussi bien dans la plus petite des toiles que dans la Chapelle de Vence. » Il renonce à la perspective linéaire classique. Mais

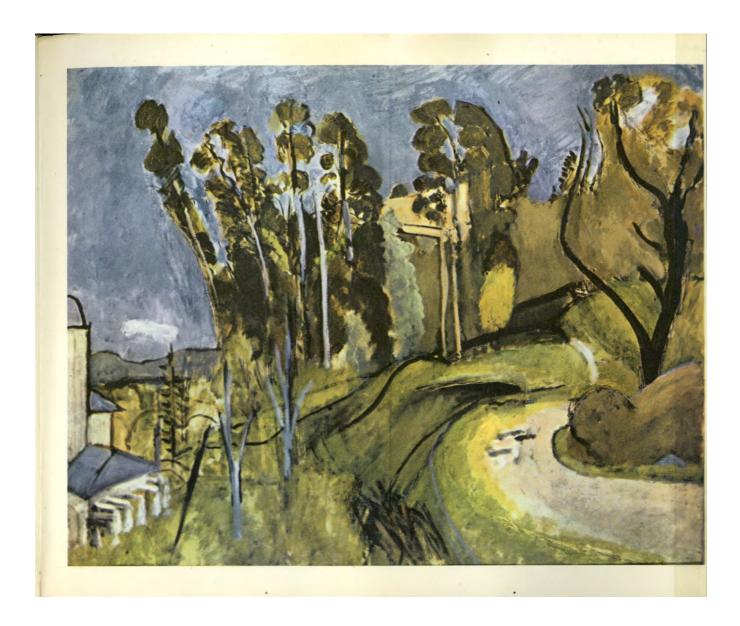
Il renonce à la perspective linéaire classique. Mais ici par la trouée dans l'écran des arbres à gauche et la courbe de la route à droite il projette le spectateur vers un lointain qui n'est qu'un effet de son imagination, une sollicitation dynamique de l'esprit.

> LEVER LE VOLET POUR VOIR LA PEINTURE EN ENTIER -> DÉTAIL A DROITE



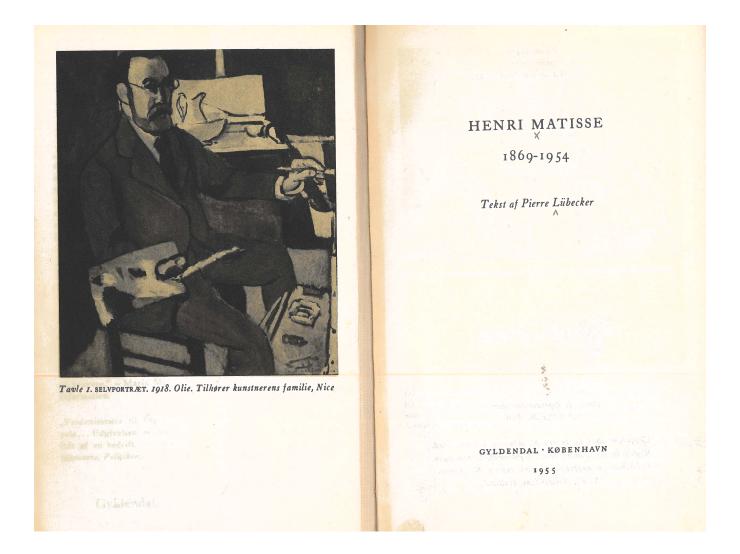
R. Huyghe, Henri Matisse, Paris, 1955, pl. 24 (illustrated in color) - same as Greenberg, in French





R. Huyghe, *Henri Matisse*, Paris, 1955, pl. 24 (illustrated in color) - same as Greenberg, in French





P. Lübecker, *Henri Matisse*, Copenhagen, 1955, pl. 24 (illustrated in color)



TAVLE 24

MONTALBAN

1918

Det var mennesket, ikke landskabet, som havde Matisses største kærlighed, men det forhindrer ikke, at han har malet åndfulde billeder af naturen, som han skildrede med fantasi og uden at lade sig binde af motivet. Landskabet var hans middel til at udtrykke en indre virkelighed.

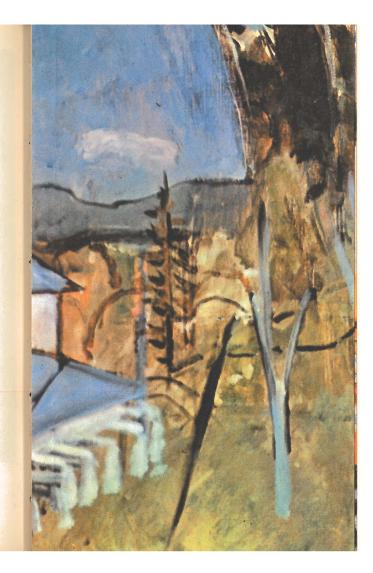
Om naturens farver sagde han:

Skal jeg male et efterårslandskab forsøger jeg ikke at mindes de farver, der passer til denne årstid. Jeg lader mig kun inspirere af den følelse, der betager mig. Himlens kolde, blå renhed udtrykker årstiden ligeså godt som løvets nuancer. Selve mit indtryk kan variere: Efteråret kan være mildt og varmt som en forlængelse af sommeren – eller med kold himmel og citrongule træer, der forkynder vinteren.

Billedet fra Montalban er komponeret både i flade og rum. I højre side understreger Matisse – på Cézannes vis – billedplanet ved hjælp af landevejens spændte kurve. I venstre åbner han rummet ud mod fjerne horisonter.

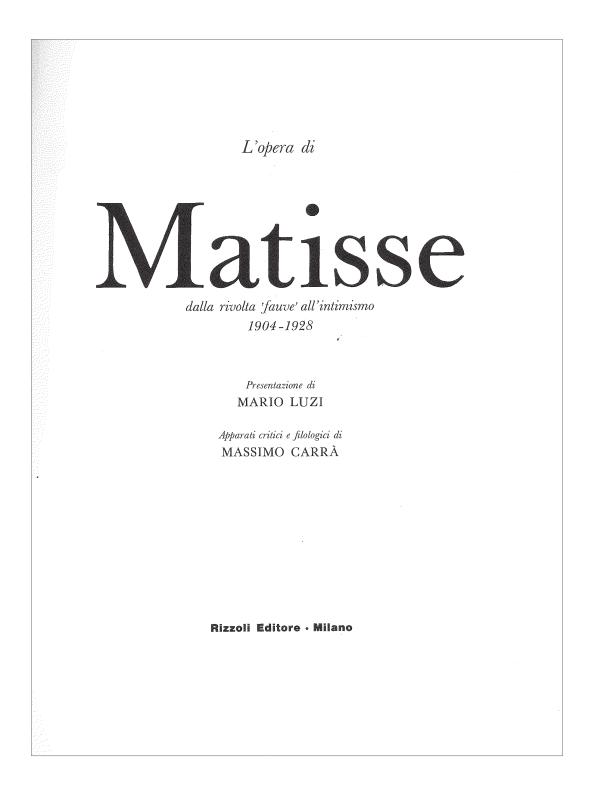
Billedstørrelse: 73 x 91 cm

Alexina Matisses samling, Lebanon New Jersey



P. Lübecker, Henri Matisse, Copenhagen, 1955, pl. 24 (illustrated in color)





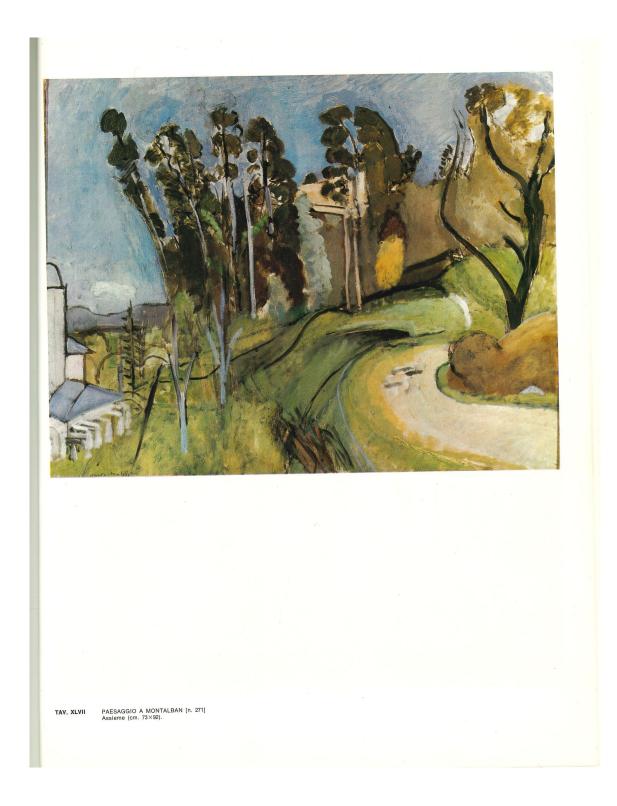
M. Luzi and M. Carrà, *L'opera di Matisse, dalla rivolta fauve all'intimismo, 1904-1928*, Milan, 1971, no. 271 (illustrated in color pl. XLVII)





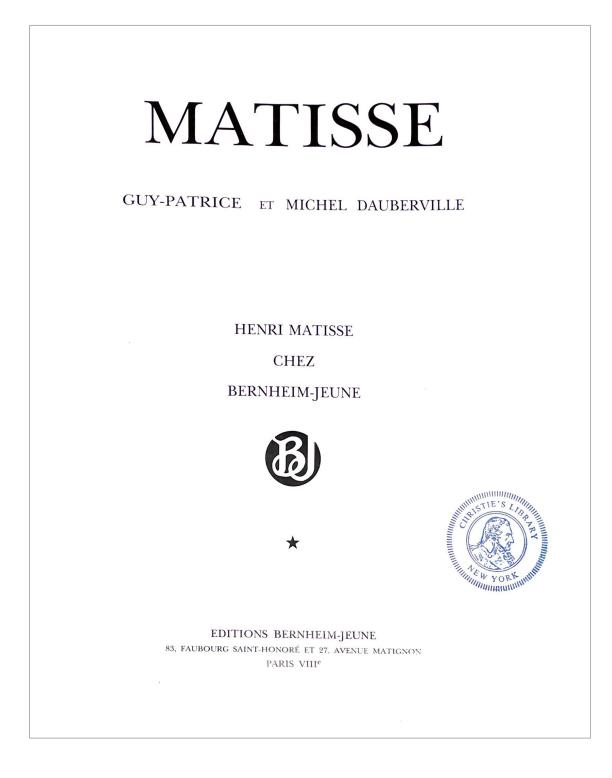
M. Luzi and M. Carrà, *L'opera di Matisse, dalla rivolta fauve all'intimismo, 1904-1928*, Milan, 1971, no. 271 (illustrated in color pl. XLVII)





M. Luzi and M. Carrà, *L'opera di Matisse, dalla rivolta fauve all'intimismo, 1904-1928*, Milan, 1971, no. 271 (illustrated in color pl. XLVII)





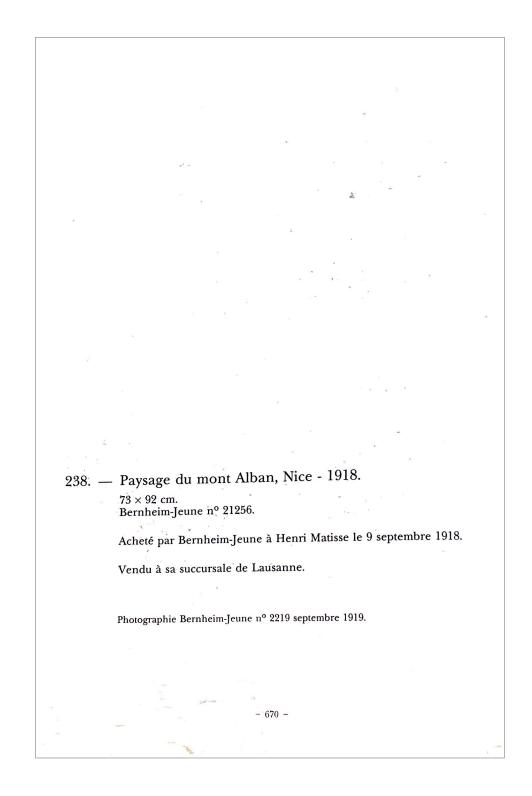
G.P. & M. Dauberville, *Matisse*, Paris, 1995, p. 670, no. 238 (illustrated p. 671)





G.P. & M. Dauberville, *Matisse*, Paris, 1995, p. 670, no. 238 (illustrated p. 671)

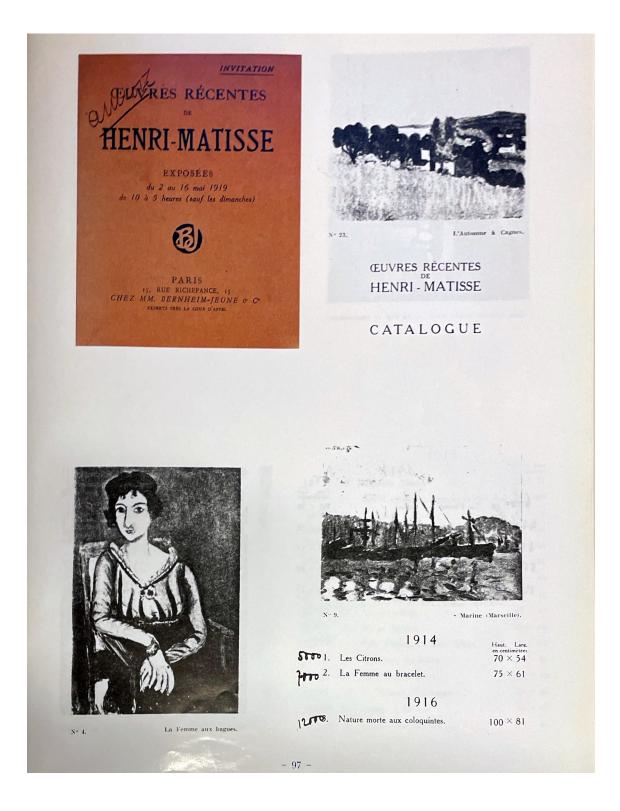




G.P. & M. Dauberville, *Matisse*, Paris, 1995, p. 670, no. 238 (illustrated p. 671)



EXHIBITED



Paris, Galerie Bernheim-Jeune, Oeuvres récentes de Henri-Matisse, May 1919, no. 19



EXHIBITED



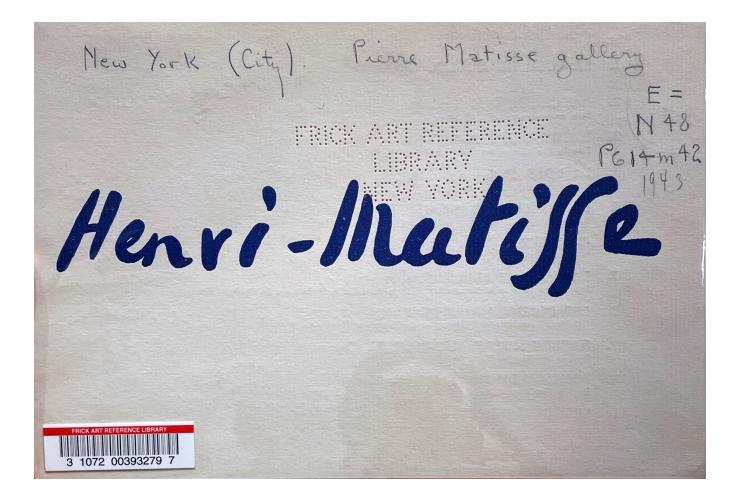


La Blouse bulgare sur fond rouge.

		1918	
			Haut Larc. en centimètre-
3000	9.	Marseille. Marine.	27 × 35
6000	10.	Nice. La fenêtre ouverte sur la mer.	73 × 60
- 1, 4m	11.	Nice. La villa bleue.	33 × 41
3400		Nice. Les oliviers.	33 × 41
360	13.	Maintenon. Le viaduc.	33 × 41
360	14.	Maintenon. Le ruisseau.	33 × 41
380	15.	Maintenon. Le petit pêcheur.	33 × 41
3 3500	16.	Marseille. La Cheminée du Roi.	33 × 41
400	17.	Nu au fauteuil.	41 × 33
8000	18.	Nu au camaïeu.	61 × 46
	19.	Nice. Paysage du mont Alban.	72 × 92
3800	20.	Cherbourg. Le bassin.	33 × 41
JTT .	21.	La Toque de goura.	46 × 38
600	22.	Le Bouquet d'anémones.	61 × 4
385	23.	Cagnes. L'automne.	33 × 4
	24.	Cagnes. Soir d'orage.	33 × 4

Paris, Galerie Bernheim-Jeune, Oeuvres récentes de Henri-Matisse, May 1919, no. 19





New York, Pierre Matisse Gallery, *Henri Matisse, Retrospective Exhibition of Paintings 1898-1939*, February 1943, no. 10



Retrospective Exhibition of Paintings 1898-1939 Pierre Matisse Gallery 41 EAST 57 STREET • NEW YORK FEBRUARY 9 THROUGH 27, 1943 3 T THE THE APPR

New York, Pierre Matisse Gallery, *Henri Matisse, Retrospective Exhibition of Paintings 1898-1939*, February 1943, no. 10



EXHIBITED

	1.	LA COUR DU MOULIN. Corsica	1898	
	2.	NATURE MORTE. Toulouse	1898	
	3.	NOTRE DAME. Paria Lent by The Albright Art Gallery, Buffala	1902	
	4.	LA ROSE. Paris Private Collection	1905	
Search and	5.	LA MOULADE. Collioure Private Collection	1906	
(~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	6.	COLLIOURE Lent anonymously	1907	
	7.	LA FENETRE BLEUE. Clamart Lent by the Museum of Modern Art, N. Y. (Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Purchase Fund)	1912	
	8.	LES POISSONS ROUGES. Paris Col. Mme. Jacques Doucet. Courtesy of the Museum of Modern Art, N. Y.	1915-16	
	9.	NATURE MORTE AUX POMMES. Clamart	19 16	
	10.	PAYSAGE DU MONT ALBAN. Nice Lent by Mrs. Meric Callery	1918	
	11.	LES ANEMONES. Nice	1919	

New York, Pierre Matisse Gallery, *Henri Matisse, Retrospective Exhibition of Paintings 1898-1939*, February 1943, no. 10



1944

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36 PAINTINGS 10 SCULPTURES AND CONSTRUCTIONS

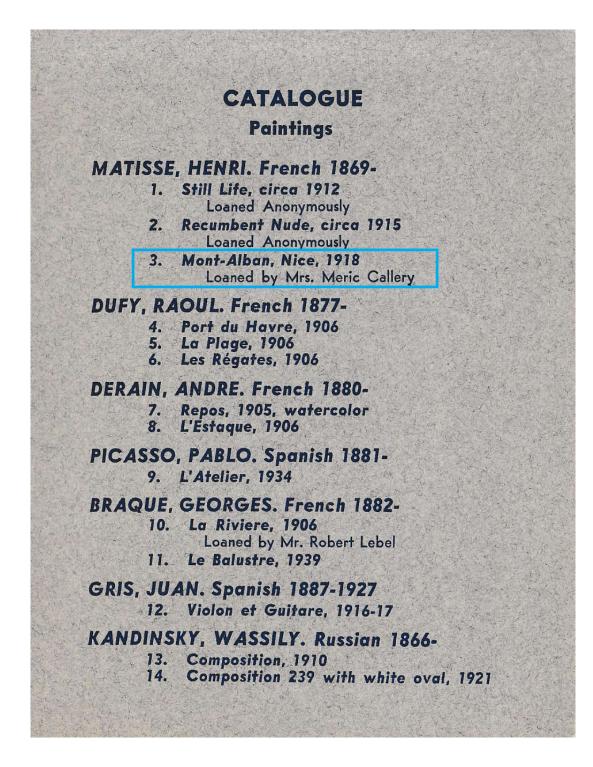
FEBRUARY 19 - MARCH 18

1944

MORTIMER BRANDT AST 57TH ST. - FIFTH FLOOR ACB NEW YORK 22, N.Y. Bra Misc 19440

New York, Mortimer Brandt, Color and Space in Modern Art Since 1900, February – March 1944, no. 3



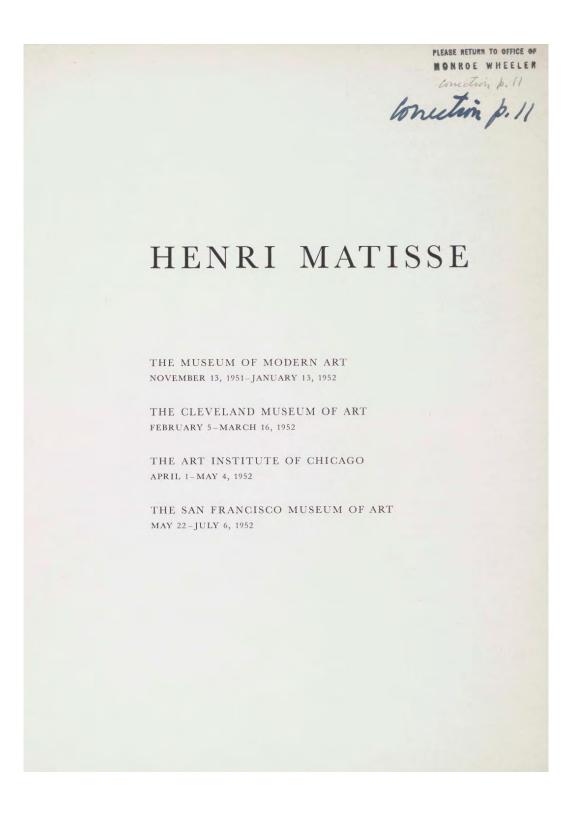


New York, Mortimer Brandt, Color and Space in Modern Art Since 1900, February – March 1944, no. 3











Paintings less fauve in style, increasing emphasis on all-over design as in *Harmony in Red* (1909), acquired by Shchukin; series of portraits, nos. 21-24. Large compositions of a few figures in a landscape begin with *Bathers with a Turtle*, no. . 18, and reach climax in the *Dance* and *Music*, mural canvases commissioned by Shchukin for which *Dance* and *Music*, nos. 17, 20, are studies.

Sculpture: La Serpentine, first version of the Back, series of Jeannette heads, nos. 90-96.

Fall 1910, to Munich to see Islamic exhibition. Winter 1910-11 trip to Spain; in fall, to Moscow in connection with Shchukin decorations.

Series of large interiors, *Red Studio*, no. 25; begins *Goldfish* series no. 27; blue still lifes including nos. 26, 28.

Matisse's School, 1908-1911

Early in 1908 Mrs. Michael Stein, Hans Purrmann and others help organize a school where Matisse teaches through spring 1911; attracts about 120 students mostly Americans, Germans and Scandinavians, among them the American painter Max Weber and the future dealer Joseph Brummer.

Morocco: 1911-1913

Winters 1911-12 and 1912-13 in Tangier; paintings of Moroccan views, nos. 29-30, models in native dress, no. 31; returns to Quai St. Michel, fall, 1913.

In 1912, between Moroccan visits, flat brightly colored style, no. 32, gives way gradually to more sober discipline and structure in depth; Moroccan paintings exhibited at Bernheim-Jeune, 1913.

International recognition: 1908-1913

First one-man show abroad organized by Edward Steichen for Alfred Stieglitz' "291" Gallery, New York, 1908, another in 1910; also exhibits in Moscow, 1908 and 1909, Berlin, 1908, England, 1908 and 1910.

Sculpture exhibition, "291" Gallery, New York, 1912. Impressively represented in three impor-

tant international exhibitions: Cologne, 1912; Second Post-Impressionist Exhibition, London, 1912-13; "Armory Show," New York, Chicago, Boston, 1913.

Austerity and abstract experiment: 1913-1917

Painting more restrained in color; monumental figures 1913-14 Woman on a High Stool and *Yvonne Landsberg* nos. 34, 34a. Still lifes and interiors, 1914-15, move from the comparatively realistic *Interior with Goldfish* to the flat semi-cubist *Goldfish*, nos. 35, 37. Large semi-abstract compositions, 1916-17, Variation on a Still Life by de Heem, *The Moroceans*, the Piano Lesson and Bathers by a River, nos. 39, 41, 43, 47.

Second Berlin exhibition, Gurlitt Gallery, 1914, closes in August because of war; Matisse leaves for Collioure; helps Juan Gris; returns to Paris, autumn 1914; some 50 portrait etchings and second series of lithographs, nos. 116-117; large exhibition at Montross Gallery, New York, 1915, organized by Walter Pach.

Transition: 1917-1920

December 1916 leaves wartime Paris for Nice: sets pattern for following years of spending December through May on the Riviera, returning north for summer; visits Renoir at Cagnes, winter 1917-18.

Designs sets and costumes for Diaghilev ballet, Stravinsky's *Le chant du rossignol*, choreography by Massine, presented in 1920 in **Desi** and London: travels to England with ballet company.

Softer more realistic style at Nice; views from hotel windows; interiors with flowers and models; landscapes, no. 49; numerous studies of a model wearing a plumed hat, nos. 118-122. Large paintings at Issy, 1919, including *Tea*, no. 50.

Nice: 1920-1925

Summers, 1920 and 1921, at Etretat on Normandy coast; landscapes of the Channel cliffs, nos. 51, 55.

Upon return to Nice, 1921, takes approximate Place Charles-Félix which he keeps until 1938.

6



- 34aPortrait of MLLE Yvonne Landsberg. 1914. Oil, $57\frac{1}{2}$ x 42". Lent by The Louise and Walter Arensberg Collection, the Philadelphia Museum of Art
- *35 INTERIOR WITH GOLDFISH. (1914.) Oil, 5634 x 3858". Lent by the Baroness Gourgaud, New York. III. p. 22
- 36 STILL LIFE WITH LEMONS WHICH CORRESPOND IN THEIR FORMS TO A DRAWING OF A BLACK VASE CFON THE WALL (STILL LIFE WITH BOWL AND BOOK). (1914.) Oil, $27\frac{1}{4} \ge 21\frac{1}{4}$ ". Lent by the Museum of Art, Rhode Island School of Design, Providence.
- 57 GOLDFISH, (1915?) Oil, 5712 x 44". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Marx, Chicago
- *38 APPLES. (1916.) Oil, 46 x 35". The Art Institute of Chicago, gift of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Marx. Ill. p. 24
- *39 VARIATION ON A STILL LIFE BY DE HEEM. (1915, 1916 or 1917.) Oil, 5'11" x 7'3¾". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Marx, Chicago, *III*, *p.* 23
- 40 GOURDS. 1916. Oil, 25% x 3178". The Museum of Modern Art, New York
- *41 The MOROCCANS. (1916.) Oil, 5'10" x 9'2¹/₂". Lent by the artist. Ill. p. 25
- 42 THE PEWTER JUG. (1916 or '17.) Oil, 36¹/₄ x 25⁵/₈". Lent by The Baltimore Museum of Art, Cone Collection
- 43 PIANO LESSON. (1916.) Oil, 8'12" x 6'1134". The Museum of Modern Art, New York, Mrs. Simon Guggenheim Fund
- 44 The Studio, Quai St. Michel. (1916.) Oil, $57\frac{1}{2}$ x $45\frac{3}{4}$ ". Lent by The Phillips Collection, Washington, D. C.
- *45 THE WINDOW. (1916.) Oil, $57^{1}_{2} \ge x$ 45%''. Lent by The Detroit Institute of Arts. III. p. 24
- 46 THE GREEN ROBE (Laurette sur fond noir), 1916. Oil, 283/4 x 211/2". Lent by the artist
- 47 BATHERS BY A RIVER (Women at a Spring). (1916, 1917; begun earlier.) Oil, 8'7" x 12'10". Lent by Henry Pearlman, New York
- 48 SELF PORTRAIT. (1918.) Oil, 255% x 211/4". Lent by

49 MONTALBAN. (1918.) Oil, 2834 x 3534". Lent by Mrs Alexina Matisse, Lebanon, New Jersey

- *50 TEA. (1919.) Oil, 55 x 83". Lent by Earl L. Stendahl, Hollywood. Ill. p. 26
- 51 Two Rays. (1920.) Oil, 361/4 x 283/4". Lent by the Norton Gallery and School of Art, West Palm Beach, Florida
- *52 MEDITATION. (1920.) Oil, 2838 x 211/4". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Albert D. Lasker, New York. Ill. p. 27
- 53 INTERIOR AT NICE. (1921.) Oil, 52 x 35". Lent by Mrs. Gilbert W. Chapman, New York
- 54 WOMAN BEFORE AN AQUARIUM. (1921.) Oil, 311/2 x 39". The Art Institute of Chicago, Helen Birch Bartlett Memorial

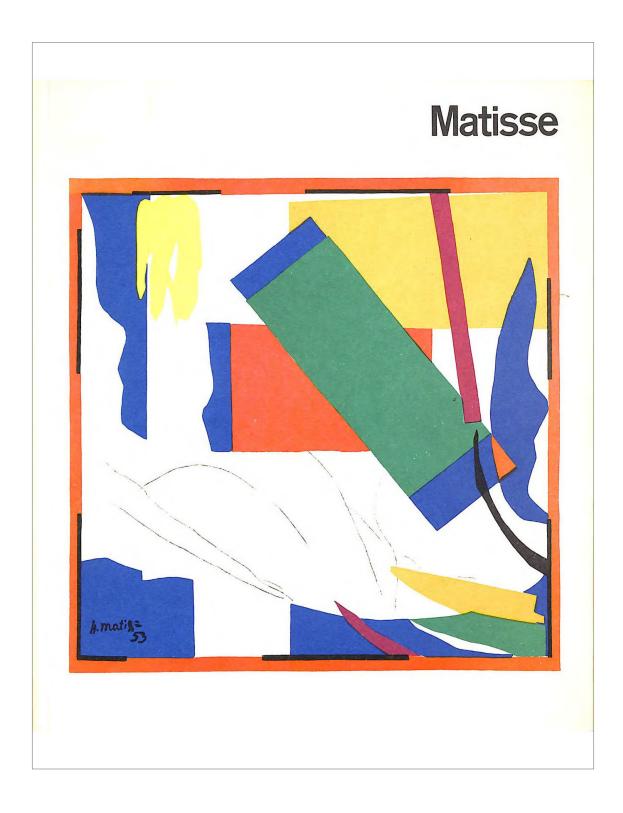
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- 55 ETRETAT. 1921. Oil, 281/2 x 231/2". Lent anonymously.
- *56 FESTIVAL OF FLOWERS, NICE (CARNIVAL AT NICE), (1922.) Oil, 25½ x 36½". The Cleveland Museum of Art, the Mr. and Mrs. William H. Marlatt Fund. Ill. p. 27
- *57 INTERIOR: FLOWERS AND PARROTS. 1924. Oil, 46 x 291/2". Lent by The Baltimore Museum of Art, Cone Collection. III. p. 28
- 58 ODALISQUE WITH TAMBOURINE. (1926.) Oil, 28 x 21". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. William S. Paley, New York
- *59 DECORATIVE FIGURE ON AN ORNAMENTAL BACKGROUND. (1927.) Oil, 51 ½ x 38%". Lent by the Musée National d'Art Moderne, Paris. Ill. φ. 28
- 60 LEMONS ON A PEWTER PLATE. (1927.) Oil, 21 ½ x 25¾". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Lee Ault, New Canaan, Conn.
- 61 RECLINING ODALISQUE. (1928.) Oil, 25½ x 32¼". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Ira Haupt, New York
- 62 GIRL IN A YELLOW DRESS, 1929-31. Oil, 39% x 32". Lent by The Baltimore Museum of Art, Cone Collection
- 63 THE MAGNOLIA BRANCH. 1934. Oil, 60¾ x 65¾". Lent by The Baltimore Museum of Art, Cone Collection
- 64 The Dream. 1935. Oil, 317% x 25%%'' . Lent by the artist
- *65 THE CONSERVATORY. (1937-38.) Oil, 29 x 23⁷/₈". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., St. Louis. *Ill. p. 30*
- 66 Music, 1939. Oil, $4514 \ge 4514$ ". Lent by the Albright Art Gallery, Buffalo, Room of Contemporary Art
- *67 PINEAPPLE AND ANEMONES. 1940. Oil, 29 x 36". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Albert D. Lasker, New York. Ill. p. 30
- 68 DANCER AND ARMCHAIR, BLACK BACKGROUND, 1942. Oil, 1934 x $255_8''$. Lent by Mrs. Alexina Matisse, Lebanon, New Jersey
- 69 LEMONS AGAINST A FLEUR-DE-LIS BACKGROUND. 1943. Oil, 25¾ x 19¾". Lent by Miss Loula D. Lasker, New York
- 70 PLUM BLOSSOMS, GREEN BACKGROUND, 1948. Oil, 455% x 35". Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Albert D. Lasker, New York
- 71 THE PINEAPPLE, 1948. Oil, 455% x 35". Lent by Pierre Matisse, New York
- *72 LARGE INTERIOR IN RED. 1948. Oil, 57½ x 38¼". Lent by the Musée National d'Art Moderne, Paris. Ill. p. 31
- 73 The Egyptian Curtain. 1948. Oil, 451/s x 351/s". Lent by The Phillips Collection, Washington, D. C.
- *74 THE THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS, 1950. Gouache on cut-and-pasted paper, 54% x 12'3¼". Lent by the artist. III. p. 8
- 74aBeasts of the Sea. Gouache on cut-and-pasted paper. Lent by the artist









London, The Hayward Gallery, *Matisse*, July – September 1968, no. 77, p. 164 (illustrated p. 106)





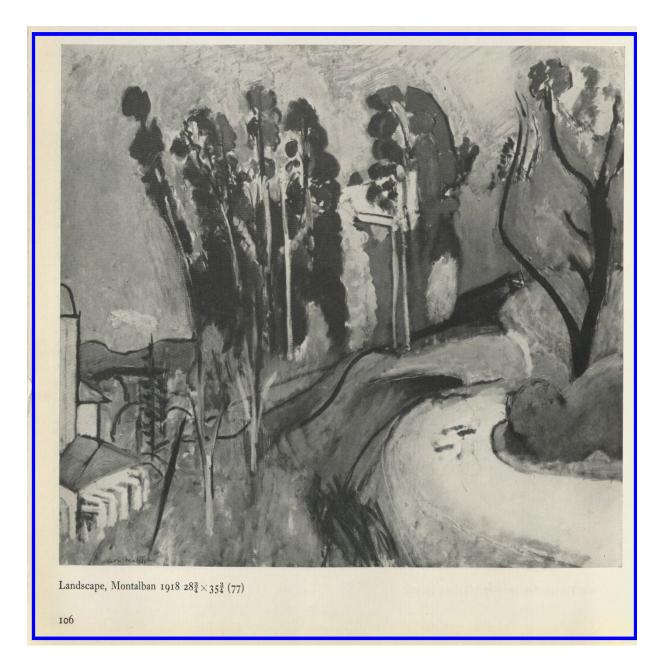
1869-1954

A retrospective exhibition at the Hayward Gallery

The Arts Council of Great Britain 1968

London, The Hayward Gallery, *Matisse*, July – September 1968, no. 77, p. 164 (illustrated p. 106)





London, The Hayward Gallery, *Matisse*, July – September 1968, no. 77, p. 164 (illustrated p. 106)



Henri Matisse

Exposition du Centenaire

GRAND PALAIS Avril-Septembre 1970

Ministère d'État Affaires Culturelles Réunion des Musées Nationaux



Paris, Grand Palais, Henri Matisse, exposition du centenaire, April – September 1970, no. 157, p. 87 (illustrated p. 222)



152B. GEORGE BESSON, II Nice, 1918; 0,15×0,10; huile sur bois

Ni signé ni daté Concentration : cadeau de Matisse Prorenanes : 114 nº 48; 1964-1965, Paris, Exposition : Louvre : Donation Exposition Louvre : Donation George et Adèle Besson

D'après G. Besson le premier portrait a été D'après Marseille en décembre 1917, en une peint à Marseille second à Nice à l'internet le secon peint à marser de la line 1917, en une demi-heure; le second à Nice, à l'hôtel Beaudemi-nota, a filotei Beau-rivage, en janvier 1918, en dix séances. Matisse rivage, in jundèle : « Je voudrais que ce poraurait un active descen-trait ressemble à vos ancêtres et à votre descendance. »

153. LA BAIE DE NICE

Nice, 1917; 0,90×0,71 [La Promenade des Anglais à Nice; 1923] Signature ; non daté Collection particulière Provenance : Sarah Stein

154. NU DE DOS

Issy, 1918; 0,61×0,45 [Nu au camaïeu; 1917]

Signature Henri Matisse, en bas à gauche Collection : Musée de Philadelphie, collection Samuel S. White, 3 rd. Provenance : John Quinn, N.Y.; Samuel S.

White et Vera White Expositions : 1928, Philadelphie, Museum of

Art : The Inaugural Exhibition; 1930, New York, Museum of Modern Art : Painting in Paris from American Collections; 56; 57; 1931, Providence, Rhode Island School of Design : Henri Matisse; 1933-1934, Philadelphie, Museum of Art : The White Collection; 63; 1947, Philadelphie, Museum of Art : Masterpieces of Philadelphia Private Collections nº 66; 81 nº 46; 88

155. AUTOPORTRAIT

Nice, 1918; 0,65×0,54

Signature en bas à droite Collection : Jean Matisse, Pontoise Expositions : 93; 1952, Los Angeles, 21 juillet-17 août, Municipal Department of Art, Selection from the Museum of Modern Art Retrospective (va ensuite à Portland); 120; 125; 138; 152

156. VIOLONISTE A LA FENÊTRE Hôtel Beaurivage, 1918; 1,49×0,975 [1917] Ni signé ni daté Collection particulière

Il se pourrait que ce tableau soit un autoportrait. Le directeur de l'Hôtel Beaurivage avait donné à Matisse une chambre éloignée pour qu'il puisse jouer du violon sans déranger les voisins. Il avait acheté le violon du musicien Parent (premier violon du quatuor Parent).

157. MONTALBAN, GRAND PAYSAGE

Nice, 1918; 0,73×0,92 Signature en bas à gauche Collection privée Provenance : Mme Mary Callery; Pierre Matisse Expositions : 72; 152

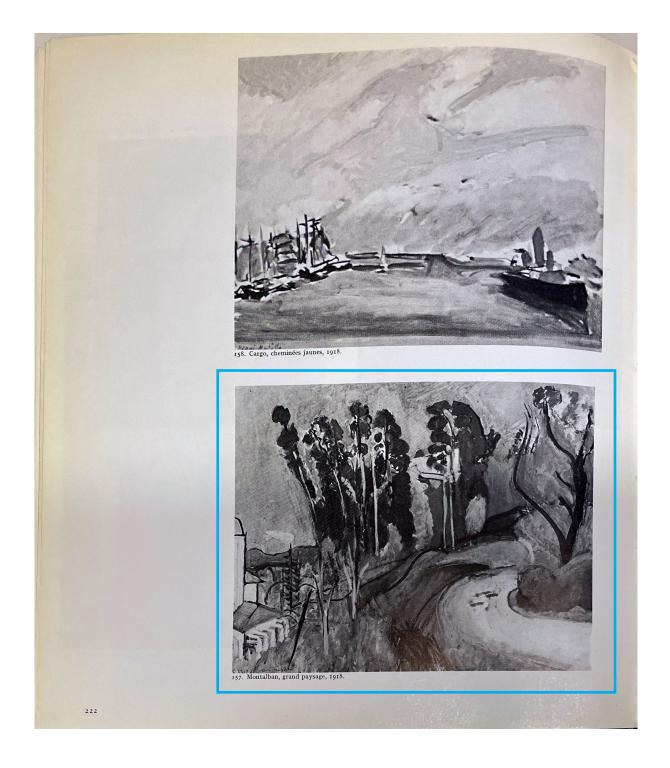
158. CARGO, CHEMINÉES JAUNES Cherbourg, 1918; 0,33×0,41 papier sur carton [1917]

Signature et date en bas à gauche Collection : Dr G. Vismara, Milan Provenance : Mme Duthuit; Galerie Rosengart, Lucerne Expositions : 55; 82

87

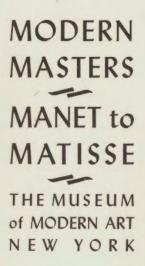
Paris, Grand Palais, Henri Matisse, exposition du centenaire, April – September 1970, no. 157, p. 87 (illustrated p. 222)

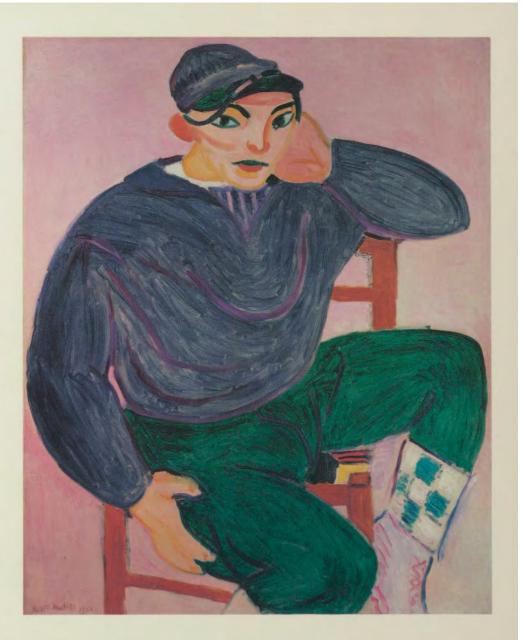




Paris, Grand Palais, Henri Matisse, exposition du centenaire, April – September 1970, no. 157, p. 87 (illustrated p. 222)













WHAT MATISSE wrote and what Matisse said are important not only to students of art but to anyone concerned with visual perception. His observations were vivid and consistent, and they ring with clarity. Even in casual conversations, such as that guoted below, he was eloquent.

Some sixty years ago, Matisse was interviewed by an American lady. His remarks informally addressed to "the American people" are not inappropriate here. It was in the spring of 1913, the time of the Armory Show in New York, and Miss Clara T. MacChesney visited Matisse at Issy-les-Moulineaux. She expected "a long-haired, slovenly dressed, eccentric man." She was disappointed and said so. Quite frankly she did not admire "a huge, gaudy-hued canvas" and asked, "Don't you recognize harmony of color?"

Matisse, almost with indignation, replied: "I certainly do think of harmony of color, and of composition, too. Drawing is for me the art of being able to express myself with line. When an artist or student draws a nude figure with painstaking care, the result is drawing, and not emotion.

"I never use pastels or watercolors, and I only make studies from models, not to use in a picture—mais pour me nourrir—to strengthen my knowledge; and I never work from a previous sketch or study. I now draw with feeling, and not anatomically." Matisse added, parenthetically, "I know how to draw 'correctly,' having studied form for so long." He concluded: " Oh, do tell the American people that I am a normal man; that I am a devoted husband and father, that I have three fine children, that I go to the theater, ride horseback, have a comfortable home, a fine garden, that I love flowers just like any other man."

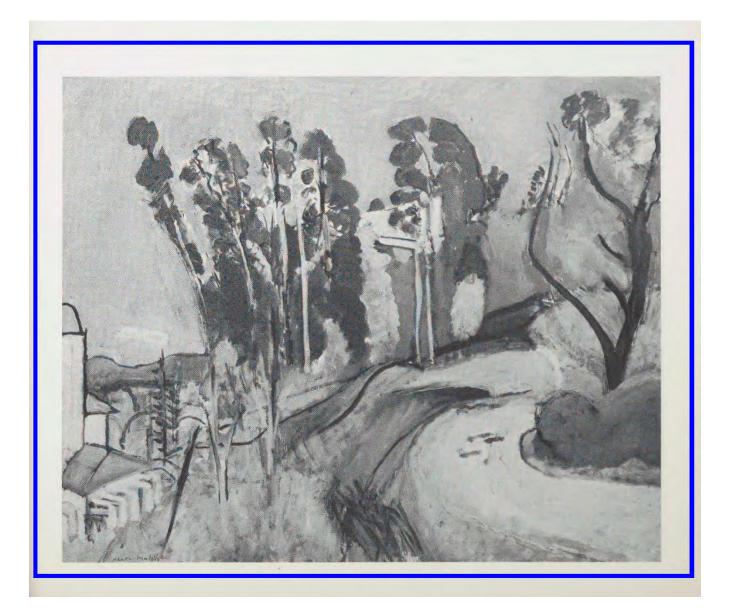
After 1920, landscapes are infrequent in Matisse's art. Among the last paintings of his beloved south of France is this view of the road to Montalban, near Nice. The picture, along with others of the out-of-doors, was shown in Paris soon after it was completed in 1918. Early in May, Matisse asked his old and good friend, the painter Charles Camoin, "How did you find my small landscapes at Bernheim's Gallery? Did Félix Fénéon seem pleased? These are just small things that relax the mind, simple détentes. As perhaps you may have noticed, I tried to play with earth tones. I use cadmium and vermilion only accidentally...."

W.S.L.

MATISSE: Montalban. 1918. Oil on canvas, 29½ x 36½". Private collection, France

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MATISSE, Henri. French, 1869-1954

- 63 The Guitarist. (1903). Oil on canvas, 22 x 15%" (55.8 x 38.8 cm). Collection Mr. and Mrs. Ralph F. Colin, New York. Page 85
- 64 The Young Sailor. 1906. Oil on canvas, 39% x 31%" (100.0 x 81.0 cm). Collection Mr. and Mrs. Jacques Gelman, Mexico City. Page 87
- 65 View of Collioure. (1908). Oil on canvas, 35% x 24%" (91.0 x 63.0 cm). Collection Mr. and Mrs. Jacques Gelman, Mexico City. Page 89
- 66 Girl with Green Eyes. (1909). Oil on canvas, 26 x 20" (66.0 x 50.7 cm). San Francisco Museum of Art. Harriet Lane Levy Bequest. Page 91
- 67 Woman on a High Stool. (1913-14). Oil on canvas, 57% x 37%" (147.0 x 95.5 cm). The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Marx, the latter retaining life interest. Page 93
- 68 Montalban. (1918). Oil on canvas. 29½ x 36½" (74.9 x 92.7 cm). Private collection, France. Page 95
- 69 The Artist and His Model. (1919). Oil on canvas, 23% x 28%" (60.0 x 73.0 cm). Collection Dr. Ruth M. Bakwin, New York. Page 97
- 70 Two Rays. 1920. Oil on canvas. 36½ x 28¾" (92.0 x 73.0 cm). Norton Gallery of Art. West Palm Beach. Page 99
- 71 Checker Game and Piano Music. (1923). Oil on canvas, 29 x 361/2" (73.6 x 92.7 cm). Collection Mr. and Mrs. Alexandre P. Rosenberg, New York. Page 101
- 72 Dancer and Armchair. 1942. Oil on canvas, 19% x 25%" (50.4 x 65.8 cm). Private collection, France. Page 103
- 73 Large Interior in Red. 1948. Oil on canvas, 57½ x 38¼" (146.0 x 97.0 cm). Musée National d'Art Moderne, Paris. Page 105

MIRO, Joan. Spanish, born 1893

- 74 Self-Portrait. 1917. Oil on canvas, 24 x 19%" (61.0 x 49.8 cm). The Bragaline Collection, New York. Page 221
- 75 Maternity, 1924. Oil on canvas, 36% x 28%" (92.3 x 73.0 cm). Private collection, London. Page 185
- 76 Painting, 1933. Oil on canvas, 681/2 x 771/4" (174.0 x 196.2 cm). The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of the Advisory Committee. Page 187

MODIGLIANI, Amedeo, Italian, 1884-1920

- 77 Portrait of a Man. (1917). Oil on canvas, 39½ x 25%" (100.3 x 65.0 cm). National Gallery of Victoria, Melbourne. Felton Bequest. Page 219
- 78 Reclining Nude. (1917). Oil on canvas, 25½ x 39½" (64.8 x 100.3 cm). Collection Richard S. Zeisler, New York. Page 237

MONDRIAN, Piet. Dutch, 1872-1944

79 Color Planes in Oval. (1914?). Oil on canvas, 42% x 31" (107.6 x 78.8 cm). The Museum of Modern Art, New York

MONET, Claude, French, 1840-1926

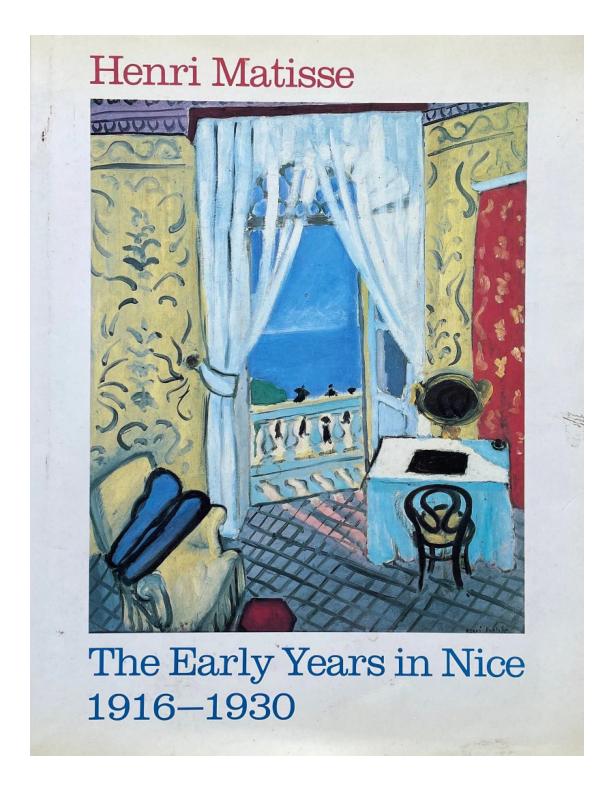
- 80 Water Lilies and Japanese Bridge. (1899). Oil on canvas, 35% x 35%" (90.5 x 89.7 cm). The Art Museum, Princeton University, Princeton. From the Collection of William Church Osborn, Class of 1883, Trustee of Princeton University (1914-51), President of the Metropolitan Museum of Art (1941-47). Given by His Family. Page 47
- 81 Water Lilies. 1907. Oil on canvas, 35½ x 28½" (90.1 x 72.4 cm). Lydia and Harry Lewis Winston Collection (Dr. and Mrs. Barnett Malbin, New York). Page 49

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Washington D.C., National Gallery of Art, *Henri Matisse: The Early Years in Nice, 1916-1930*, November 1986 – March 1987, no. 41, p. 288 (illustrated in color p. 115, pl. 65 and illustrated again p. 288)



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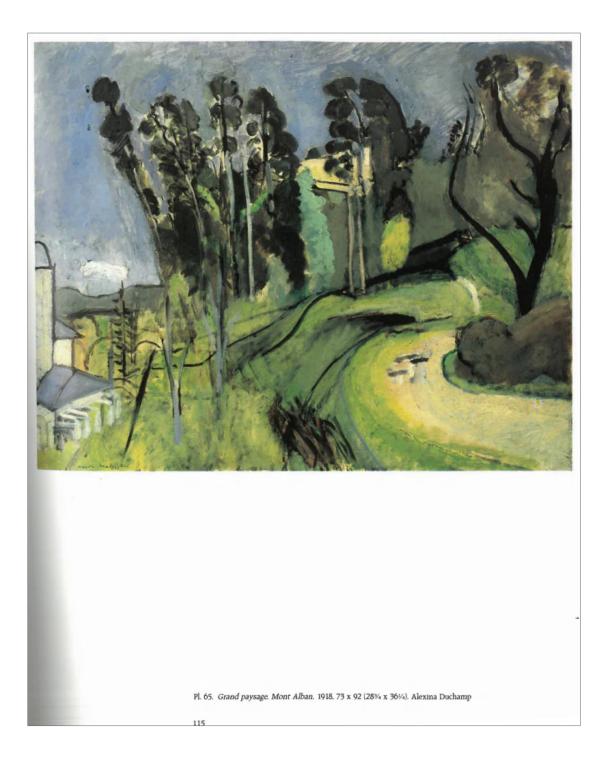
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Henri Matisse The Early Years in Nice 1916–1930

National Gallery of Art, Washington Harry N. Abrams, Inc., New York

Washington D.C., National Gallery of Art, *Henri Matisse: The Early Years in Nice, 1916-1930*, November 1986 – March 1987, no. 41, p. 288 (illustrated in color p. 115, pl. 65 and illustrated again p. 288)



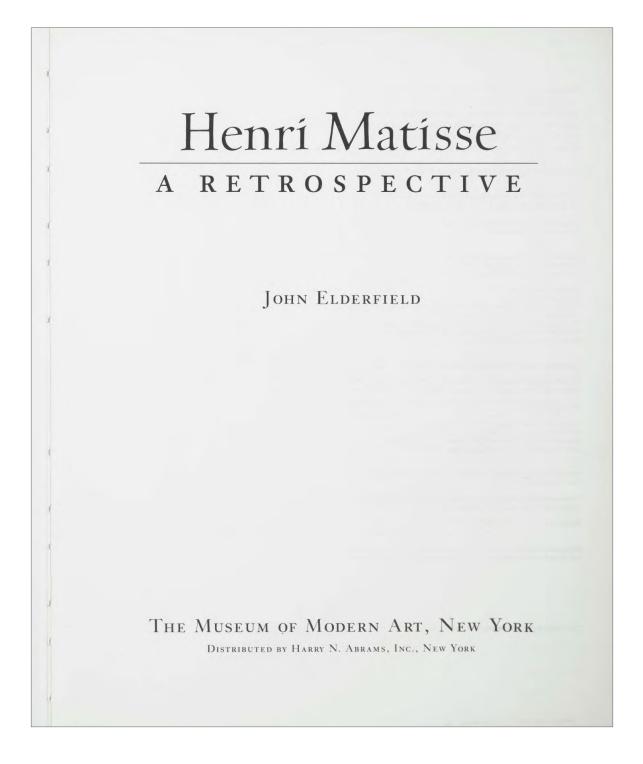


Washington D.C., National Gallery of Art, *Henri Matisse: The Early Years in Nice, 1916-1930*, November 1986 – March 1987, no. 41, p. 288 (illustrated in color p. 115, pl. 65 and illustrated again p. 288)

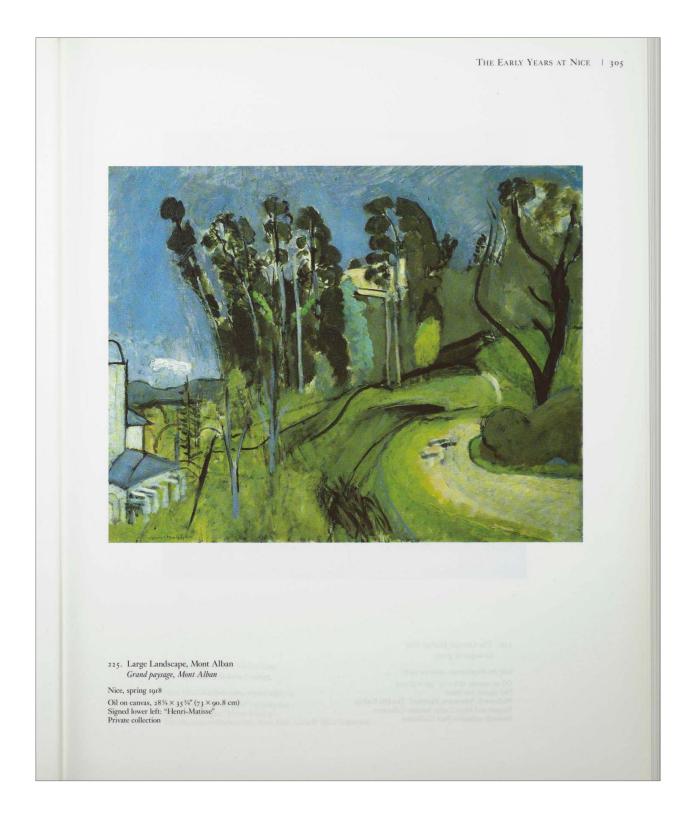


















Max Beckmann and Paris

Matisse Picasso Braque Léger Rouault

Edited by

Tobia Bezzola and Cornelia Homburg

The Saint Louis Art Museum Kunsthaus Zürich

TASCHEN

Zurich, Kunsthaus, *Beckmann and Paris – Matisse, Picasso, Braque, Léger, Rouault*, September 1998 – January 1999, no. 81, p. 233 (illustrated in color p. 86); this exhibition later travelled to, Saint Louis, Art Museum February – May 1999



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Georges Braque

64 page 129 Fruit Bowl and Tobacco Pouch 1920 Oil on canvas 31.5 x 65 cm Musée national d'art moderne, Centre de création industrielle, Centre Georges Pompidou, Paris

65 page 122 The Fireplace 1923 Oil on canvas 130 x 74 cm Kunsthaus Zürich

66 page 121 Still Life with Fruit Bowl, Bottle and Mandolin 1930 Oil on canvas 114 x 89 cm Kunstsammlung Nordrhein-Westfalen, Düsseldorf

67 page 130 Caraje and Fish 1941 Oil on canvas 33.5 x 55.5 cm Musée national d'art moderne, Centre de création industrielle, Centre Georges Pompidou, Paris

68 page 127 Dressing Table in front of the Window 1942 Oil on canvas 130 x 97 cm Musée national d'art moderne, Centre de création industrielle, Centre Georges Pompidou, Paris

69 page 124 The Salon 1944 Oil on canvas 120.5 x 150.5 cm Musée national d'art moderne, Centre de création industrielle, Centre Georges Pompidou, Paris

Robert Delaunay

70 page 34 The Cardiff Team 1912/13 Oil on canvas 324 x 208 cm Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris

Fernand Léger

71 page 119 The Typographer 1919 Oil on canvas 54 x 46 cm Kröller-Müller Museum, Otterlo

72 page 88 The Staircase 1919/20 Oil on canvas 74.6 x 60 cm Private Collection

73 page 94 The Lunch 1921 Oil on canvas 92 x 65 cm Musée national d'art moderne, Centre de création industrielle, Centre Georges Pompidou, Paris Woman with a Cat 1921 Oil on canvas 130 x 89 cm The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York 75 page 105 Still Life 1922 Oil on canvas 65 x 50 cm Kunstmuseum Bern Hermann-und-Margrit-Rupf-Stifhung

page 74

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 page 83

 The Red Bodice
 1922

 1922
 Oil on canvas

 60 x 92 cm
 Ursula and R. Stanley Johnson Family

 Collection

77 page 123 Still Life with Arm 1927 Oil on canvas 55 x 46 cm Museum Folkwang, Essen

Fig. 5 page 33

Acrobats at the Circus 1918 Oil on canvas 97 x 117 cm Öffentliche Kunstsammlung Basel, Kunstmuseum Gift of Dr. h.c. Raoul La Roche

Henri Matisse

Algerian Woman 1909 Oil on canvas 81 x 65 cm Musée national d'art moderne, Centre de création industrielle, Centre Georges Pompidou, Paris

79 page 82 Sleeping Nude on a Red Background c. 1916 Oil on canvas 94.5 x 195 cm Private Collection

80 page 72 Laurette with Coffee Cup 1917 Oil on canvas 65 x 53 cm Kunstmuseum Solothurn Dibi-Müller Foundation

81 page 86 Large Landscape, Mont Alban 1918 Oil on canvas 73.5 x 93 cm Private Collection

82 page 82 Odalisque with Red Trousers 1921 Oil on canvas 67 x 84 cm Musée national d'art moderne, Centre de création industrielle, Centre Georges Pompidou, Paris

83 page 103 Woman Before a Fish Bowl 1921/23 Oil on canvas 81.3 x 100.3 cm The Art Institute of Chicago Helen Birch Bartlett Memorial Collection

> 233 CATALOGUE

Zurich, Kunsthaus, *Beckmann and Paris – Matisse, Picasso, Braque, Léger, Rouault*, September 1998 – January 1999, no. 81, p. 233 (illustrated in color p. 86); this exhibition later travelled to, Saint Louis, Art Museum February – May 1999



AUCTION COMPARABLES

and the second	58		
			Henri Matisse
the second like		Title	Paysage de Collioure
Constant State		Description	Henri Matisse (1869-1954) Paysage de Collioure signed 'Her (lower right) oil
R. C.		Medium	oil on canvas
		Year of Work	1906-1907
		Size	Height 18.1 in.; Width 21.7 in. / Height 46.1 cm.; Width 55.
		Misc.	Signed
		Sale of	Christie's New York: Tuesday, May 8, 2018 [Lot 00020] The Collection of Peggy and David Rockefeller: 19th and 20t Evening Sale
		Estimate	6,000,000 - 9,000,000 USD
		Sold For	6,500,000 USD Premium
THE REAL PROPERTY OF	83		Henri Matisse
No. Charles		Title	Collioure en août
1 State		Description	Property from an Important American CollectionHENRI MATI 1954)Collioure e
and the second s		Medium	oil on canvas
		Year of Work	Circa 1911
		Size	Height 35 in.; Width 45.9 in. / Height 89 cm.; Width 116.5 (
		Misc.	Signed
		Sale of	Christie's New York: Thursday, November 17, 2022 [Lot 000 20th Century Evening Sale
8		Estimate	4,000,000 - 6,000,000 USD
		Sold For	4,860,000 USD Premium
The constant	93		Henri Matisse
- State Per		Title	Promenade des oliviers
STALL STA		Description	signed 'Henri.Matisse' (upper left)oil on canvas18¼ x 22 in. cm.)Pa
		Medium	oil on canvas
Martin Carlo I		Year of Work	1905
		Size	Height 18.2 in.; Width 22 in. / Height 46.2 cm.; Width 56 cr
		Misc.	Signed
		Sale of	Christie's London: Tuesday, February 4, 2014 [Lot 00017] Impressionist/Modern Evening Sale
		Estimate	2,000,000 - 3,000,000 GBP (3,260,515 - 4,890,772 USD)
		Sold For	2,770,500 GBP Premium (4,516,628 USD)
100 000	167		Henri Matisse
		Title	Paysage avec cyprès et oliviers aux environs de Nice
		Description	HENRI MATISSE (1869-1954)Paysage avec cyprès et oliviers de NiceDETAI
		Medium	oil on board laid down on panel
17 JAN ST COLORED		Year of Work	Circa 1918
			-
		Sale or	Christie's New York: Friday, October 21, 2022 [Lot 00129] The Ann & Gordon Getty Collection: Volume 2 Old Master, Century Paintings, Day Sale
		Estimate	150,000 - 250,000 USD
		Sold For	2,220,000 USD Premium
		Description Medium	HENRI MATISSE (1869-1954)Paysage avec cyprès et oliviers de NiceDETAI oil on board laid down on panel Circa 1918 Height 10.6 in.; Width 13.7 in. / Height 27 cm.; Width 34.9 Signed Christie's New York: Friday, October 21, 2022 [Lot 00129] The Ann & Gordon Getty Collection: Volume 2 Old Master,



MUSEUM COMPARABLES

Henri Matisse | Landscape

1918

Medium: Oil on canvas board **Dimensions:** $13^{1/2} \ge 16^{1/2}$ inches | 34.3 ≥ 41.9 cm





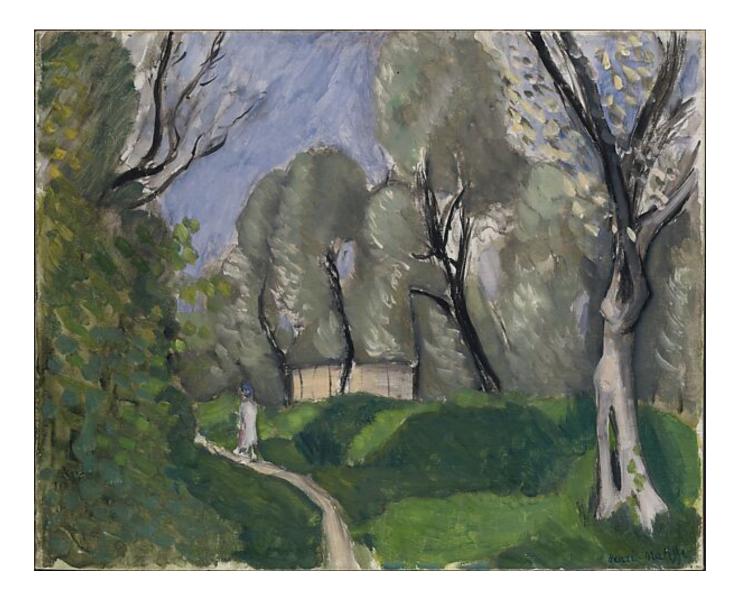
Museum of Modern Art New York, United States



Henri Matisse | *The Promenade*

1919

Medium: Oil on canvas board **Dimensions:** 13 x 16 inches | 33.0 cm x 40.6 cm





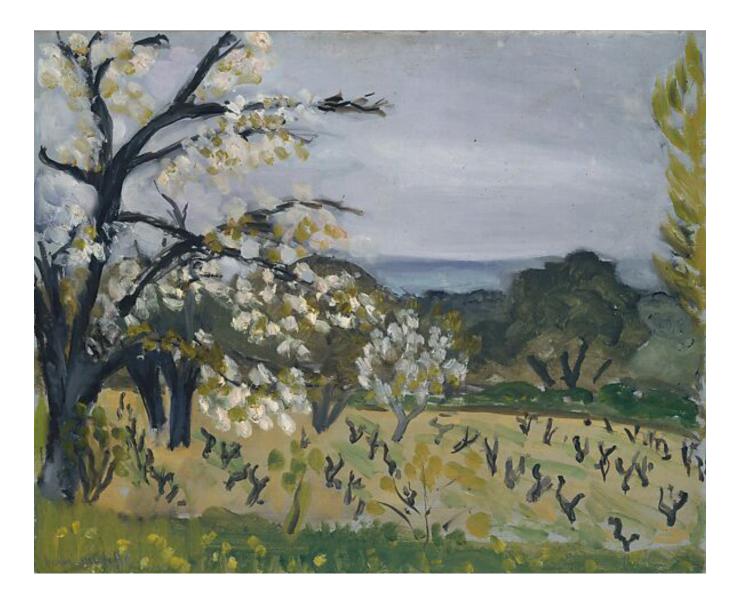
Metropolitan Museum of Art New York, United States



Henri Matisse | Landscape, Nice

1919

Medium: Oil on canvas board **Dimensions:** 13 x 16 inches | 33.0 x 40.6 cm





Metropolitan Museum of Art New York, United States





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